

# Vorwort

Es mag ungewöhnlich erscheinen, ein Thema von Brahms für Trompete und Orgel zu setzen. Bei der Literatur für diese Besetzung denkt man eher an wirkungsvolle Brillanz als an Gedankentiefe, Kontrapunktik oder expressive Melodik. Doch gerade in der schöpferischen Auseinandersetzung mit Brahms'scher Musik ergab sich für mich die Möglichkeit, das Ausdrucksspektrum für diese Besetzung zu erweitern und der Trompete auch eine lyrische Seite abzugeben. Als Bewunderer seiner an alten Meistern geschulten konstruktiven Kraft und der von den Volksliedern inspirierten melodischen Innerlichkeit, wollte ich beides in einer Art Hommage an Johannes Brahms zum Ausdruck bringen. Das thematische Material bildet das Thema der frühen Orgelfuge in as-Moll, in der der junge Komponist bereits seine ganze kontrapunktische Meisterschaft zeigt:

Langsam



Die vorliegende „Fantasie“ ist mit den Elementen dieses Themas - deren Invertions-, Vergrößerung und Diminution weitgehend sehr dicht kontrapunktisch gearbeitet - zugleich aber auch für jedes der beiden Instrumente eine kurze Kadenz mit der Möglichkeit einer gewissen Virtuosität und Freiheit. Die Passagen mit Dämpfern sind wiederum von außerster melodischer Zartheit.

Bei der Ausführung ist auf eine große dynamische Bandbreite und unterschiedlichen lebendig bewegten, mal vorwärts drängenden, mal wieder beruhigenden Pausen zu achten.

Es ist durchaus wünschenswert, wenn einzelner Spieler in dieser „Fantasie“ die Orgelfuge as-Moll von Brahms gespielt wird.

Arranging a theme from Brahms for trumpet and organ may seem an unusual idea. The repertoire for this combination of instruments suggests brilliant effects rather than profundity, contrapuntal structures and expressive melodies. Yet it is precisely through creative engagement with Brahms's music that I found an opportunity to extend the expressive range of this combination of instruments and draw more lyrical sounds from the trumpet. Admiring the structural elegance of Brahms's young master and the tenderness of his melodies inspired by folksong, I wanted to give expression to both in a kind of tribute to Johannes Brahms. The theme used here is taken from Brahms' early organ fugue in A<sup>b</sup> minor, where the composer already demonstrates his full mastery of counterpoint:

Langsam



This Fantasia uses closely interwoven contrapuntal devices to explore aspects of the theme through inversion, augmentation and diminution. Each of the two instruments nevertheless has a short cadenza with opportunities for freer virtuoso expression; muted passages are gently and sweetly lyrical.

Performance should have a substantial dynamic range and a lively beat, sometimes driving forward, sometimes with a calmer pulse.

It would be entirely appropriate to play Brahms' Organ fugue in A<sup>b</sup> minor before a performance of this Fantasia.

Harald Feller

English translation Julia Rushworth

Für Reinhold Friedrich

# Fantasie

über ein Thema von Johannes Brahms

Harald Feller

\*1951

Ruhig und ausdrucksvoll

con sord.

Trompete  
in C

p

Orgel

p

§

crisis

crisis

zünder voran

sens. sind.

zünder voran

mf

mf

Musical score page 4, measures 12-13. The score consists of three staves: treble, bass, and a lower staff. Measure 12 starts with a treble clef, 3/8 time, and a key signature of one sharp. It features eighth-note patterns and a dynamic marking *f*. Measure 13 begins with a bass clef, 3/4 time, and a key signature of one sharp. It contains sixteenth-note patterns and a dynamic marking *f*.

Musical score page 4, measures 14-15. The treble staff continues with eighth-note patterns. The bass staff begins with a bass clef, 3/8 time, and a key signature of one sharp. Measure 15 includes a dynamic marking *f*. The bass staff concludes with a bass clef, 3/4 time, and a key signature of one sharp.

Musical score page 4, measures 16-17. The treble staff shows eighth-note patterns. The bass staff begins with a bass clef, 3/8 time, and a key signature of one sharp. Measure 17 includes a dynamic marking *mp*. The bass staff concludes with a bass clef, 3/4 time, and a key signature of one sharp.

21

*a tempo*

*f*

*a tempo*

*f*

25

*mp*

*sf*

*wieder beruhigen*

*wieder beruhigen*

Musical score for piano, showing two staves. The top staff uses treble clef and 8/8 time, starting with a dynamic of *mp*. The bottom staff uses bass clef and 8/8 time, also starting with *mp*. Both staves include crescendo markings. Measures 31 and 32 are shown.

Musical score for piano, continuing from page 32. The top staff starts with *poco rit.* and *à tempo*. The bottom staff starts with *poco rit.* and *à tempo*. Measures 33 and 34 are shown.

Musical score for piano, continuing from page 34. The top staff shows a cadenza labeled "Cadenza 1 (frei)". The bottom staff continues the musical line. Measures 35 and 36 are shown.

Musical score for piano, showing the final staff of the page. The top staff ends with a fermata over the last note. The bottom staff continues. Measure 37 is shown.

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39

41 wieder im Tempo (Rhythmus)

wieder im *Tempo (Rhythmus)*

43

poco rit.

poco rit.

56 403

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## Cadenza 2 (frei)

Musical score for Cadenza 2 (frei) starting at measure 45. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and 2/4 time, with a dynamic of *accel.*. The bottom staff is in bass clef and 2/4 time. Both staves feature eighth-note patterns with grace notes and slurs. Measure 45 ends with a half note in the bass staff. Measure 46 begins with a bass note followed by eighth-note patterns.

Continuation of the musical score from measure 46. The top staff starts with a dynamic of *f*. The bass staff continues its eighth-note pattern. Measure 46 ends with a bass note followed by eighth-note patterns.

Continuation of the musical score from measure 47. The top staff starts with a dynamic of *f*. The bass staff continues its eighth-note pattern. Measure 47 ends with a bass note followed by eighth-note patterns.

Final continuation of the musical score from measure 48. The top staff starts with a dynamic of *f*. The bass staff continues its eighth-note pattern. Measure 48 ends with a bass note followed by eighth-note patterns.

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50

52 wieder im Brago wieder im Tempo

53 poco rit. con sord.

p wieder voran

54

9