

Scott Joplin

1868

Maple Leaf Rag

for Descant, Treble and Bass recorders and Piano
für Sopran-, Alt- und Bass-Blockflöten und Klavier

arranged by / Bearbeitet von
Pierre Koclejda

ED 12323

ISMN M-02201-1524-0

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Notes for Performance

1. For group performance the number of descant recorders should be proportionally greater; approximately equal to the total number of other recorders.
2. At letter D, two combinations are possible:
 - i) descant, treble, tenor and piano
 - ii) sopranino solo and piano

In the latter case, the following optional section (at letter E) should not be omitted. This optional section for sopranino adds brilliance to the last repeat of the theme.

Finally, Scott Joplin himself recommended that his ragtimes should not be played too fast. The metronome mark given ($\text{d} = 84-88$) corresponds to one of his own recorded versions.

Bemerkungen zur Aufführung

1. Bei chorischer Aufführung sollte die Anzahl der Sopranflöten im Verhältnis größer sein, und zwar etwa gleich groß wie die aller übrigen Flöten zusammen.
2. Bei Abschnitt D sind zwei Besetzungen möglich:

- i) Sopran-, Alt- und Tenorflöte mit Klavier
- ii) Sopraninoflöte solo mit Klavier

Im letzteren Falle sollte der anschließende facultative Abschnitt (bei Buchstabe E) nicht ausgelassen werden. Die Ausführung dieses ad libitum gedachten Teils durch den Sopranino verleiht der letzten Wiederholung des Themas eine besondere Brillanz.

Schließlich sei noch darauf hingewiesen, dass Scott Joplin selbst empfahl, seine Ragtimes nicht zu schnell zu spielen. Die angegebene Metronommarke ($\text{d} = 84-88$) weicht einer von ihm selbst eingespielten Schallplattenaufnahme an.

Notes pour l'interprétation

Pour une exécution en groupe, le nombre de flûtes sopranos sera proportionnellement plus important et sensiblement égal au nombre des autres flûtes.

2. À la ligne D, deux combinaisons sont possibles:

- i) soprano, alto, ténor et piano
- ii) sopraino solo et piano

Dans ce dernier cas, la partie facultative suivante (lettre E) ne saurait être omise. Cette partie de soprano donnera plus de brillant à la dernière reprise du thème.

Enfin, une dernière remarque de Scott Joplin lui-même, recommande de ne pas jouer ses ragtimes trop vite. L'indication métronomique mentionnée ($\text{d} = 84-88$) correspond à l'une de ses versions discographiques.

Maple Leaf Rag

Arranged by / Bearbeitet von
Pierre Koclejda

Scott Joplin
(1868–1917)

$\text{♩} = 84-88$

A

Descant Recorders
Soprano Blockflöten

Treble Recorders
Alto Blockflöten

Tenor Recorders
Tenor Blockflöten

Piano
Klavier

The musical score consists of six staves. The top three staves are for woodwind instruments: Descant Recorders (Soprano Blockflöten), Treble Recorders (Alto Blockflöten), and Tenor Recorders (Tenor Blockflöten). The bottom three staves are for piano. The score is in common time, with a key signature of one sharp. Various dynamics are indicated throughout the piece, such as forte (f), piano (p), mezzo-forte (mf), and mezzo-piano (mp). Performance instructions like 'f' and 'p' are also present. The title 'Maple Leaf Rag' is printed diagonally across the page.

Musical score page 2, measures 13-16. The score consists of four staves. Measure 13 starts with eighth-note patterns in the treble and bass staves. Measure 14 begins with a forte dynamic (f) in the bass staff. Measures 15 and 16 show more eighth-note patterns with dynamics like *mf*, *f*, and *mf*. The key signature changes between G major and F# minor.

B

Musical score page 2, measures 17-20. The score continues with four staves. Measure 17 shows eighth-note patterns. Measure 18 begins with a forte dynamic (f). Measures 19 and 20 continue the eighth-note patterns. The key signature remains G major.

Musical score page 2, measures 21-24. The score consists of four staves. Measures 21-24 feature eighth-note patterns. The key signature changes to A major.

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C

The image shows a page of sheet music for a piano, featuring four staves. The top staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The second staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The third staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The bottom staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The music consists of various notes and rests, with some dynamics like 'f' (fortissimo) and 'mp' (mezzo-forte) indicated. A large, semi-transparent watermark reading 'PREVIEW' in large letters and 'Low Resolution' in smaller letters diagonally across the page.

D Sopranino solo ad lib.*

Musical score for soprano recorder (part D) in G major, 2/4 time. The score consists of five staves. Measure 51 starts with a forte dynamic (f). Measures 52-55 show various melodic patterns with grace notes and slurs. The bassoon part is also visible at the bottom.

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Musical score for soprano recorder (part D) in G major, 2/4 time. The score consists of five staves. Measures 56-60 continue the melodic line with eighth-note patterns and grace notes. The bassoon part is also visible at the bottom.

* Instead of the three other recorders (*see preface*)



E Solo ad lib.^{**}

A continuation of the woodwind quintet sheet music. The key signature changes to E major (one sharp). Measure 67 starts with a dynamic of forte. Measures 68-70 show a melodic line primarily in the Flute 1 and Flute 2 parts. Measure 71 concludes the section.

** As well as the other three recorders